	ENGINEERING	CHANGE NOTICE			^{1. ECN} 662881
		•••••••••	S :	Page 1 of	Proj. ECN
					l
2. ECN Category (mark one)	3. Originator's Name, Organ	nization, MSIN, and Telephone	No.	4. USQ Required?	5. Date
Supplemental	DL McGrew/TFR&SO/	abolas			
Direct Revision	C. During The Ale Ale A				9/8/00
Change ECN	b. Project I tile/No./Work Or	rder No.	7. вюд./Sy	's./Fac. No.	8. Approval Designator
Temporary	Restoration and S	ank raim Safe Operations	N/A		ESO
Standby	9. Document Numbers Cha	nged by this ECN (includes	10. Related	d ECN No(s).	11. Related PO No.
Supersedure	sneet no. and rev.)		N7 (7)		N7 / 7
	HNF-SD-W314-PDS-C	105, Rev. 2	N/A	404 Destand	N/A
12a. Modification Work	12b. Work Package No.	12C. Modification work Comp	letea	or Standb	y ECNs only)
	N/A	N/A		N/A	
12c, 12d)		Design Authority/Cog. Engin	eer Signature	e & Design Autho	rity/Cog. Engineer Signature & Date
13a. Description of Change		13b. Design Baseline Docum	ent? X Yes	. □ No	
Revised to incorpo	rated changes per	Phase 2 Rebaseline	e Report	, HNF-5109, R	ev. 0
*					
	14h Junification Date 9				
	This modificati	ion will not increa	se colle	ective dose si	Ince it has no
Environmental	impact on radio	logical sources, co	ntaminat	ion control,	or shielding."
Facility Deactivation					
As-Found	USQ not required	d per HNF-IP-0842,	IV, 5.4,	Rev. 12. Ar	ny temporary or
Facilitate Const.	permanent change	es to lacilities an	a proced	aures covered	by the RPP f this document
Const. Error/Omission	Authorization Ba	evaluation perform	ed prior	equirement of to initiation	on of field work
Design Error/Omission	activities.	There are a set to the			
15. Distribution (include name	, MSIN, and no. of copies)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		F	RELEASE STAMP
See Diatril	nution sheet				
		N		SEP 28	
				DATE:	A HANFORD
				STA:	RELEASE
				N	La (5/
l					

				······			1. ECN (use no. fro	m pg. 1)
	EN	GINEERING	CHANGE NOT	FICE		Page 2 of 2	662881	
16. Design Verification	17. Cost Impa	act				····	18. Schedule Impa	ct (days)
Required		ENGINEERING		C	ONSTR	UCTION		
🗌 Yes	Additional	\$ <u>N/A</u>	Add	litional 🔲	\$ <u>N/</u>	'A	Improvement	N/A
No No	Savings [\$	Sav	vings 🗌	\$		Delay 🗌	
19. Change Impact Revie the change described	ew: Indicate the	e related documents	o (other than the engine current number in Blo	eering docur	nents id	entified on Side 1) that	will be affected by	
SDD/DD			Seismic/Stress Anal	veie		Tank Ca	libration Manual	П
Eunctional Design C	riteria		Stress/Design Repo	rt	Ē	Health P	hysics Procedure	
Operating Specificat	ion		Interface Control Dr:	awina		Sparae M	Autinie Unit Listing	
Criticality Specificati	00		Calibration Brocedu	re		Test Bro	cedures/Specification	
Concentual Design F	Report		Installation Procedu	re	Ē	Compon	ent Index	Ē
Equipment Spec	(opon	п	Maintenance Proces	lure	П	ASME C	oded Item	
Const Spec		П	Engineering Proced	ure	П	Human F	Factor Consideration	
Procurement Spec			Operating Instruction	n	Ē	Compute	s Software	
Vendor Information		ñ	Operating Procedure	۵ ۵	Ē	Electric (Circuit Schedule	Ē
OM Manual		Π	Operational Safety F	- Requirement	П	ICRS Pr		Ē
ESAR/SAR			IEED Drawing	toquirement	п	Process	Control Manual/Plan	
Safety Equipment Li	st	n	Cell Arrangement D	rawing		Process	Flow Chart	
Radiation Work Perr	nit		Essential Material S	necification	Ē	Purchase	Requisition	
Environmental Imna	ct Statement		Eac Proc Samp So	chedule		Tickler E	ile	Ē
Environmental Repo	art of of other inclusion of the other of the other		Inspection Plan			Tiostion 1		
Environmental Perm	it		Inventory Adjustmer	nt Request	Ē			
None	i Humberitevis		Documenting		ſ	2004		
21. Approvals	Signature		Date			Signature	 D	ate
	5 5 5). C Rose man	alaclon	Desire As		olghalare	5	0.0
Design Authority	E. BOWEIS	The Decision	110100	Design Age	ent			
Gog . Eng. <u>D.L. Mc</u>	Grew	R3-25	7-26-00	PE -				
Cog. Mgr. K.N. Jo	rdan 7	R3-25	1/27/00	QA				
QA T.L. Be	nnington V	\$6-15	9-21-2000	Safety			<u> </u>	
Safety R.J. Fo	odd	<u>\$5-12</u>	9/22/00	Design			·	<u> </u>
Environ. J.D. Gu	iberski			Environ.				
Other Maint.	T.I. Jenni	ngs 27-83	9/21/00	Other		<u></u>		
Rad. Con. S.H.	Pearce	<u> </u>	19/25/2000					
Ops. R.P. Raver	alm	A 50-09	9/21/80				<u></u>	
J.L. Gilbert	LAD.	R3-25	9/25/00	DEPARTM	ENT OF			
T.W. Bailey	dutte K	· B3-25	9/26/00	Signature	or a Çor	ntrol Number that tracks	s the	
J.W. Balley	I have y h	e ez-25	9121/2000	Approval S	ignature	3		
CA BUT BE (LAG	And a grant of the second	<u> </u>			۵١			
					<u>r16</u>			
	=							
<u> </u>							<u>. </u>	
							A-7900-01	3-3 (10/97)

	DISTRIBUTION	I SHEET				
То	From			Page	1 of	1
Distribution	TFR&SO			Date (glaston	
Project Litle/Work Order				EDT N	<u></u>	
W-314, Tank Farm Restoration and Sa 	fe Operations			ECNIN	11 088	 /
Name	N	ISIN	Text With All Attach.	Text Only	Attach./ Appendix Only	EDT/ECN Only
J.B. Bailey	R	3-25	Х			
D.E. Bowers	S	5-13	Х			
T.L. Bennington	. R.	2-89	Х			
K.N. Jordan	R	3-25	Х			
J.L. Gilbert	R	3-25	Х			
R.R. Bevins	R	3-25	Х			
R.W. Root	R	3-53	х			
D.L. McGrew	R	3-25	Х			
B.L. Syverson	G	3-12	Х			
J.W. Lentsch	R	3-25	Х			
R.J. Fogg	S	5-12	Х			
J.D. Guberski	R	1-51	Х			
Project Files	R	1-29	Х			
Project Library	R	3-25	х			
R.P. Raven	s	0-09	х			
T.L. Jennings	S	7-90	Х			
C.A. Burke	R	3-25	X			
			• .0 =0.0 .00 ·			
		-				
		-				

Project Development Specification for Special Protective Coating

DL McGrew NHC Richland, WA 99352 U.S. Department of Energy Contract DE-AC06-99RL14047

EDT/ECN: 662881 Cost Center: 7C900 B&R Code: UC: Charge Code: 109749 Total Pages: 36

Key Words: Project W-314, Tank Farm Restoration and Safe Operations, Valve Pits, Special Protective Coating

Abstract: Establishes the performance, design development, and test requirements for the Special Protective Coating. The system engineering approach was used to develop this document in accordance with the guidelines laid out in the Systems Engineering Management Plan for Project W-314.

TRADEMARK DISCLAIMER. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise, does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States Government or any agency thereof or its contractors or subcontractors.

Printed in the United States of America. To obtain copies of this document, contact: Document Control Services, P.O. Box 950, Mailstop H6-08, Richland WA 99352, Phone (509) 372-2420; Fax (509) 376-4989.

Date elease Approval



Approved For Public Release

A-6002-767 (10/99)

(1) Document Number HNF-SD-W314-PDS-005

Page ____

(2) Title

Project Development Specification for Special Protective Coating

	Change Control Record				
(3) Revision	(4) Description of Change - Replace, Add, and Delete Pages		ized for Release		
		(5) Cog. Engr.	(6) Cog. Mgr. Date		
0	(/) EDT - 613058 dated 01/20/97	DL McGrew	WW Rutherford		
1	ECN- 652185- Complete revision/supersede. Incorporate ECN's 652185, 636319, 162741, 162745,	DL McGrew	JL Homan		
	162743, 162734				
1A	ECN- 162748- Supplemental	DL McGrew	JL Homan		
2	ECN- 653761- Complete revision/supersede	DL McGrew	JW Lentsch		
RS ³	ECN- 662881- Complete revision/supersede	DL McGrew	KN Jondan 101 10		

A-7320-005 (10/97)

Project Development Specification

for

Special Protective Coating

Project W-314 Tank Farm Restoration and Safe Operations

July 2000

 $\frac{9/27/00}{\text{Date}}$ $\frac{9/25/00}{\text{Date}}$ $\frac{9/21/00}{\text{Date}}$ Approval: Project Manager Approval: D. E. Bowers, RPP Design Authority Approval: R. P. Raven, CHG, Project W-314 Retrieval Operations

Table of Contents

1 SCOPE
2 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS
2.1 DOE Documents
2.2 Code of Federal Regulations
2.3 Tank Farm Contractor Documents
2.4 Project W-314 Documents
2.5 Codes and Standards
2.6 Other Documents
2.7 Drawings
3 REQUIREMENTS
3.1 Item Definition
3.1.1 Item Diagrams
3.1.2 Interface Definition
3.1.2.1 Functional Interface
3.1.2.2 Physical Interfaces
3.1.3 Major Component List
3.2 Characteristics
3.2.1 Performance Characteristics
3.2.1.1 Provide Chemical Resistance
3.2.1.1.1 Chemical Resistance
3.2.1.2 Provide Decontaminability
3.2.1.2.1 Radionuclide Compatibility
3.2.1.2.2 Decontamination Factor
3.2.2 Physical Characteristics
3.2.2.1 Surface Application
3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance
3.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content Compliance
3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties
3.2.2.5 Abrasion Resistance
3.2.2.6 Permeability
3.2.2.7 Adhesion to Substrate
3.2.2.8 Color
3.2.2.9 Labeling Paint
3.2.3 Reliability
3.2.4 Maintainability
3.2.5 Environmental Conditions
3.2.5.1 Natural Environments
3.2.5.1.1 Ambient Air Temperature
3.2.5.1.2 Soil Temperature
3.2.5.1.3 Seismic Loads
3.2.5.1.4 Wind Loads

3.2.5.1.5 Snow Loads	3-6
3.2.5.1.6 Relative Humidity	3-€
3.2.5.1.7 Surface Precipitation	3-6
3.2.5.1.8 Hail Events	3-6
3.2.5.1.9 Sand and Dust	3-6
3.2.5.1.10 Solar Radiation	3-7
3.2.5.1.11 Glaze	3-7
3.2.5.1.12 Ashfall Events	3-7
3.2.5.1.13 Load Combinations and Allowable Stresses	3-7
3.2.5.2 Induced Environments	3-7
3.2.5.2.1 Waste Properties	3-7
3.2.5.2.2 Radiation Tolerance	3-7
3.2.5.2.2.1 Inside Pit Radiation Level	3-7
3.2.5.2.2.2 Background Radiation Level	3-7
3.2.6 Transportability	3-7
3.2.7 Flexibility and Expansion	3-7
3.3 Design and Construction	3-8
3.3.1 Materials, Processes, and Parts	3-8
3.3.1.1 Materials	3-8
3.3.1.1.1 SPC System	3-8
3.3.1.1.1.1 Service Area	3-8
3.3.1.1.1.2 SPC System Schedule	3-8
3.3.1.1.2 SPC System Accessory Materials	3-8
3.3.1.2 Processes	3-8
3.3.1.2.1 Surface Preparation	3-1
3.3.1.2.1.1 Surface Preparation (Excluding Existing Pit Interior SPC Repairs)	3-8
3.3.1.2.1.2 Surface Preparation for Existing Pit Interior SPC Repairs	3-8
3.3.1.2.2 SPC System Application	3-1
3.3.1.3 Optimization	3-
3.3.1.4 Dome Loading	3-
3.3.2 Electromagnetic Radiation	3-
3.3.3 Identification and Marking	3-
3.3.4 Workmanship	3-
3.3.5 Interchangeability	3-
3.3.6 Safety	3-
3.3.6.1 Material Safety Data Sheets	3-
3.3.6.2 Fire Protection	3-
3 3 6 2 1 Fire Characteristics	3-
3 3 6 2 2 Interior Einishes	3-
3.3.7 Human Performance/Human Engineering	3-
3.4 Documentation	3-
3.4.1 Document Control	3-
3.5 Logistics	3-
3.5.1 Maintenance	3
3.5.2 Supply	3-1
3.5.2.1 Parts and Components	3-1

3.5.3 Facilities and Facility Equipment	3-1
3.6 Personnel and Training	3-1
3.6.1 Personnel	3-1
3.6.2 Training	3-1
3.7 Major Component Characteristics	3-1
4 SYSTEM QUALIFICATION PROVISIONS	4
4.1 General	4
4.1.1 Responsibility for Inspections	4
4.1.2 Special Tests and Examinations	4
4.2 Quality Conformance Inspections	4
5 NOTES	5
5.1 Definitions	5
5.1.1 Abrasion Resistance	5
5.1.2 Adhesion	5
5.1.3 Chip	5
5.1.4 Decontamination	5
5.1.5 Decontamination Factor	5
5.1.6 Dry-film Thickness	5
5.1.7 Flaking	5
5.1.8 Glaze	5
5.1.9 Holiday	5
5.1.10 Laitance	5
5.1.11 Permeability	5
5.1.12 Service Level II Area	5
5.1.13 Substrate	5
5.1.14 Wet-Film Thickness	5
5.1.15 Water Vapor Transmission Rate	5
5.2 Acronym List	5
5.3 Applicable Documents	5

Appendices

APPENDIX A	FUNCTIONAL FLOW BLOCK DIAGRAMS (FFBDs)	A-1
APPENDIX B	REQUIREMENTS BASIS	B-1

List of Tables

3-1	Chemical Composition Range	;
3-2	Radionuclide Concentrations	
3-3	Tensile Properties of Coatings	;
3-4	Tensile Properties of Joint Sealants	;
3-5	Tensile Properties of Fillers	
3-6	Abrasion Resistance Properties of Coatings	
4-1	Quality Conformance Inspection Matrix	
B-1	Requirements Basis	f

v

.....

~ ----

1 SCOPE

This Project Development Specification (PDS) establishes the performance, design development, and test requirements for the Special Protective Coating (SPC). The system engineering approach was used to develop this document in accordance with the guidelines laid out in the Systems Engineering Management Plan (SEMP) for Project W-314.

New SPC will be applied to the new cover blocks provided for Valve Pits 241-AN-A and -B, 241-AW-A and -B, new AZ Valve Pit, and new Slurry Receiver Pit 241-AN-04D, as applicable. In addition, SPC will be applied to the top portion of the AZ Valve Pit walls above the stainless steel liner (i.e., cover block support ledge and above). The SPC shall be repaired where disturbed during the construction process. Additionally, the total SPC in the pits will be examined and repaired as required in the following pits:

- Valve Pits 241-AN-A and -B; 241-AW-A and -B; and 241-SY-A and -B
- Central Pump Pits 241-AY-01A and -02A; 241-AZ-01A and -02A; 241-AN-01A through -07A; 241-AP-01A through -08A; 241-AW-01A through -06A; and 241-SY-01A through -03A
- Drain Pits 241-AP-03D; 241-AW-02D; and 241-SY-02D
- Feed Pump Pits 241-AW-02E and 241-SY-02E

2 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

See Section 5.3 for notes regarding applicable documents.

2.1 DOE Documents

Not applicable to this specification.

2.2 Code of Federal Regulations

Not applicable to this specification.

2.3 Tank Farm Contractor Documents

RPP-PRO-224, Document Control Program Standards, Rev. 0.

RPP-PRO-233, Review and Approval of Documents, Rev. 0.

WHC-SD-WM-SARR-016, Tank Waste Compositions and Atmospheric Dispersion Coefficients for use in Safety Analysis Consequence Assessments, Rev. 2.

2.4 Project W-314 Documents

HNF-SD-W314-QAPP-001, Quality Assurance Program Plan for Project W-314.

2.5 Codes and Standards

ASTM D 4060, Standard Test Method for Abrasion Resistance of Organic coatings by the Taber Abraser.

ASTM D 5144, Standard Guide for Use of Protective Coating Standards in Nuclear Power Plants.

ASTM E-84/NFPA 255, Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.

Factory Mutual 1-57, Loss Prevention Data - Rigid Plastic Building Materials.

ICRP Publication 37, Cost Benefit Analysis in the Optimization of Radiological Protection.

2.6 Other Documents

WAC 173-303, Dangerous Waste Regulations, 1/98.

2.7 Drawings

Not applicable to this specification.

3 REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Item Definition

The SPC system consists of filler, joint sealant surfaces, and multiple top coats that forms a solid protective film after application. The solid film isolates the substrate from the environment, as required per WAC 173-303, and provides the decontaminability in areas of secondary confinement, such as pits, subject to radiation exposure and radionuclide contamination.

3.1.1 Item Diagrams

Not applicable to this specification.

3.1.2 Interface Definition

3.1.2.1 Functional Interface. Not applicable to this specification.

3.1.2.2 Physical Interfaces. The physical interface points are defined to be the interior surfaces of pits consisting of floors, walls, and underside of cover blocks, all exposed surfaces of the pits and cover blocks, and the nozzle locations associated with the existing piping system located within the pits. Stainless steel liners will not be coated with SPC.

3.1.3 Major Component List

Not applicable to this specification.

3.2 Characteristics

3.2.1 Performance Characteristics

The performance requirements of the SPC system are as follows:

3.2.1.1 Provide Chemical Resistance

3.2.1.1.1 Chemical Resistance. The SPC system shall be capable of withstanding the liquid waste chemical composition ranges listed in Table 3-1.

		Retrieved waste				
Species	D	ST	S	ST		
	Anion/cation		Anion/cation			
	min mol/L	max mol/L	min mol/L	max mol/L		
Ag	0	0.0013	-	-		
Al	0.05	1.1	0.029	0.5		
As	0	0.0066	-	-		
В	0	0.013	-	-		

Table 3-1 Chemical Composition R

Retrieved waste				
Species	DST		SST	
	Anion/cation		Anion/cation	
	min mol/L	max mol/L	min mol/L	max mol/L
Ba	0	0.0004	0	0.0014
Bi		-	0	0.076
Ca	0.0014	0.1	0	0.17
Cd	0	0.0074	0	0.0007
Cr	0.0067	0.28	0.0001	0.091
Cu	0	0.02	-	_
Fe	0.0004	0.26	0.0057	0.89
Hg	0	2.8E-05	0	0.0001
ĸ	0.044	0.55	0.0002	0.0095
La, Nd	0	0.0066	0	0.001
Mg	0.0004	0.046	-	-
Mn	0.0003	0.16	0.0009	0.41
Мо	0	0.0029	-	
Na	1.6	10.7	1.6	7.1
Ni	0.0002	0.008	0	0.042
Pb	0	0.004	0	0.12
Pd, Rh	0	0.0063	_	-
Si(SiO2)	0.0024	0.028	0.0004	0.46
Ti	0	0.002	-	-
U	0	0.0092		_
Zr(ZrO2)	0	0.3	0	0.065
Acetate	-	-	0	0.0055
Citrate	0	0.03	0.0042	0.06
EDTA	0	0.016	0	0.011
HEDTA	0	0.021	-	-
Fe(CN)6	-	•	0	0.025
CI	0.003	0.17	0	0.022
CO3	0.03	0.69	0.014	0.38
F	0.014	1	0.001	0.71

Table 3-1 Chemical	Composition	Range	(Continued)
--------------------	-------------	-------	-------------

3-2

		Retrieved waste		<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>
Species	DST		SST	
	Anion	/cation	Anion	/cation
	min mol/L	max mol/L	min mol/L	max mol/L
Fission product	0	0.0001	-	-
NO2	0.1	1.8	0.0086	0.83
NOX(NO3)	0.15	3.6	0.64	5.1
ОН	0.24	4.4	0.25	6.9
PO4	0	0.4	0.0007	3.8
SO4	0.003	0.16	0.01	0.22
TOC	0	2	-	-

Table 3-1 Chemical Composition Range (Continued)

DST = Double-shell tank

EDTA = Ethylenediametetraacetic acid

HEDTA = n-(hydroxyethyl)-Ethylenediametetraacetic acid

SST = Single-shell tank

TOC = Total organic carbon

3.2.1.2 Provide Decontaminability

3.2.1.2.1 Radionuclide Compatibility. The SPC system shall be compatible with the waste radionuclide concentrations listed under the W-314 column in Table 3-2.

Nuclide	Nu	clide Concentrations (Bq	/L)
	(a)All liquids	(a)All solids	(b) W-31 4
14C	2.3E+05	1.6E+05	2.3E+05
60Co	9.5E+06	4.9E+08	1.7E+08
79Se	(C)	1.7E+04	1.7E+04
90Sr	1.1E+10	2.9E+12	9.6E+11
90Y	1.1E+10	2.9E+12	9.6E+11
99Tc	1.7E+07	1.2E+10	4.0E+09
106Ru	9.9E+02	7.2E+04	2.4E+04
125Sb	3.4E+04	1.8E+08	5.9E+07
1291	2.0E+04	6.4E+06	2.1E+06
134Cs	6.1E+06	9.4E+06	7.2E+06
137Cs	8.8E+10	1.0E+11	9.2E+10

Table 3-2 Radionuclide Concentrations

Nuclide	Nuclide Concentrations (Bq/L)		
	(a)All liquids	(a)All solids	(b)W-314
144Ce	9.1E+00	3.4E+02	1.2E+02
147Pm	3.6E+07	(c)	3.6E+07
154Eu	2.4E+09	1.1E+10	5.2E+09
155Eu	5.9E+07	5.0E+06	5.9E+07
237Np	2.3E+05	9.9E+08	3.3E+08
238Pu	1.8E+06	1.9E+08	6.4E+07
239Pu(d)	3.6E+07	1.6E+09	5.5E+08
241Pu	2.6E+08	3.8E+09	1.4E+09
241Am	4.2E+07	1.1E+10	3.7E+09
242Cm	1.1E+01	2.0E+02	7.3E+01
244Cm	4.2E+05	6.1E+07	2.0E+07

Table 3-2 Radionuclide Concentrations (Continued)

(a) From Table 1a., Van Keuren, J. C., 1996, Tank Waste Compositions and Atmospheric Dispersion Coefficients for Use in Safety Analysis Consequence Assessments,

WHC-SD-WM-SARR-016, Rev. 2, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington. (b) W-314 values represent a bounding mixture for design of 67% liquid and 33% solid, except for 14C and 155Eu where the maximum liquid value was used as it is higher than the mix and for 79Se and 147Pm where data is not available.

(c) No available data.

(d) The 239Pu activity concentration also includes 240Pu.

3.2.1.2.2 Decontamination Factor. The top coating of the SPC system shall demonstrate relative ease of decontamination with a minimum Decontamination Factor (DF) of 100. The DF after initial water wash shall be a minimum of 20.

3.2.2 Physical Characteristics

3.2.2.1 Surface Application. The SPC system shall develop the ability to resist the development of holidays with time.

3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance. The SPC system shall successfully fill or bridge cracks of 1.0 - 1.5 mm (0.040 - 0.060 inches) caused by thermal movement and stresses within concrete.

3.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content Compliance. The SPC system shall be volatile organic content (VOC) compliant with a maximum VOC of 2.9 lbs/gallon (350 grams/liter).

3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties. The SPC system shall have minimum acceptable tensile properties tabulated in Table 3-3, and -4, and -5.

Properties	Rigid Coating (Epoxy)	Flexible Coating (Elastomeric)
Tensile Strength	N/A	Minimum 20,700 KPa (3,000 psi) at 30 days
Elongation at break at 24 °C (75 °F)	Minimum 5 percent	Minimum 400 percent at 30 days

Table 3-3 Tensile Properties of Coatings

Table 3-4 Tensile Properties of Joint Sealants

Properties	Flexible Epoxy	Fluoroelastomer, Polysulfide, Polyurethane
Tensile Strength	Minimum 3,500 KPa (500 psi)	Minimum 10,400 KPa (1,500 psi)
Elongation at break at 24 °C (75 °F)	Minimum 100 percent	Minimum 100 percent

Table 3-5 Tensile Properties of Fillers

Properties	Solid Epoxy Mastic
Tensile Strength	Minimum 3,500 KPa (500 psi)
Elongation at break at 24 °C (75 °F)	Minimum 20 percent

3.2.2.5 Abrasion Resistance. The top coating shall demonstrate the abrasion resistance property. The acceptable abrasion resistance values of the installed coating are tabulated in Table 3-6. The weight loss values are for 1000 cycles when a CS-17 wheel is used with a 1000 g load in accordance with ASTM D 4060.

Table 3-6 Abrasion	n Resistance	Properties of	Coatings
--------------------	--------------	---------------	----------

Properties	Rigid Coating (Epoxy)	Flexible Coating (Elastomeric)
Abrasion Resistance	Weight loss less than 100 mg	Weight loss less than 10 mg

3.2.2.6 Permeability. The SPC system shall be capable of resisting the migration of liquid waste/water into the pit wall. The permeability shall be measured as follows:

- The maximum water vapor transmission (WVT) rate for a top coating shall be 8 gm/square meter/24 hr.
- The maximum water absorption rate for a top coating and joint sealant shall be 0.5 percent

per 24 hours.

3.2.2.7 Adhesion to Substrate. The SPC system shall display an adhesion property to the underlying concrete and previously coated surfaces. Minimum pull-off strength shall be 6,200 KPa (900 psi). Existing pit interior SPC repairs are excluded from this requirement when ALARA considerations prevent surface preparation per manufacturer's recommendations.

3.2.2.8 Color. The color of the top coat shall be white or near white such that nozzle labels and markers can be painted over the top coat.

3.2.2.9 Labeling Paint. Paint (coating) use for identification marking on the SPC top coat shall be compatible with the SPC system.

3.2.3 Reliability

The SPC system shall have a design life of 12 years when installed per the manufacturer's recommendations.

3.2.4 Maintainability

The SPC system shall be repairable for cracks appearing through the applied coated surface to the substrate or for chips and flaking on account of mechanical damage.

3.2.5 Environmental Conditions

The systems and components covered by this specification shall be compatible with the environmental conditions listed below, as applicable.

3.2.5.1 Natural Environments

3.2.5.1.1 Ambient Air Temperature. The ambient air temperature range is 48.9°C (120°F) to -35.5°C (-32°F), and with a maximum 24 hour differential of 28.9°C (52°F).

3.2.5.1.2 Soil Temperature. Not applicable to this specification.

3.2.5.1.3 Seismic Loads. Not applicable to this specification.

3.2.5.1.4 Wind Loads. Not applicable to this specification.

3.2.5.1.5 Snow Loads. Not applicable to this specification.

3.2.5.1.6 Relative Humidity. The relative humidity range is 0 to 100% (Rate of change is negligible).

3.2.5.1.7 Surface Precipitation. The surface precipitation is 4 cm (1.56 in) in a 24 hour period.

3.2.5.1.8 Hail Events. The hail diameter is less than or equal to 1.9 cm (0.75 in).

3.2.5.1.9 Sand and Dust. The sand/dust concentration is 0.177 gm/cubic meter with a

typical size of 350 µm.

3.2.5.1.10 Solar Radiation. The solar radiation range is between 4 Watts/square meter and 406 Watts/square meter.

3.2.5.1.11 Glaze. (See definition is Section 5.1) The glaze is 2.54 cm (1 in.).

3.2.5.1.12 Ashfall Events. Not applicable to this specification.

3.2.5.1.13 Load Combinations and Allowable Stresses. Not applicable to this specification.

3.2.5.2 Induced Environments

3.2.5.2.1 Waste Properties. Materials used that come in contact with the waste shall be capable of safely handling waste with the following properties:

Specific Gr	avity	1 to 1.5
Viscosity	-	1 to 30 centipoise (Newtonian)
Miller Num	ber	100 Maximum
pН		7 to 14
Temperatu	re	10 to 93 °C (50 to 200 °F)
Solids Con	tent	30 Vol. %
Particle Siz	ze	0.5 to 4000 microns
Note:	95% of	total particles 0 to 50 microns
	<5 perc	cent of total particles 50 to 500 microns
	<1 per	cent of total particles 500 to 4000 microns

3.2.5.2.2 Radiation Tolerance

3.2.5.2.2.1 Inside Pit Radiation Level. Materials used that are located inside a pit shall be capable of operating in the following radiation environment:

total accumulated dose:	6.0E+7 rads
dose rate:	1.0E+7 mr/hr

3.2.5.2.2.2 Background Radiation Level. Materials used that are located outside a pit, above ground, shall be capable of operating in the following radiation environment:

total accumulated dose:	4.4 rad/year
dose rate:	0.5 mrem/hour

3.2.6 Transportability

Not applicable to this specification.

3.2.7 Flexibility and Expansion

Each system design shall, to the maximum extent practicable, provide sufficient flexibility to accommodate for programmatic changes or operation modifications.

3.3 Design and Construction

3.3.1 Materials, Processes, and Parts

3.3.1.1 Materials

3.3.1.1.1 SPC System

3.3.1.1.1.1 Service Area. The SPC system shall be suitable for Service Level II Area.

3.3.1.1.1.2 SPC System Schedule. A SPC system schedule shall be prepared during definitive design stage, based on manufacturer recommendations, published data for the SPC system and field ALARA conditions. The schedule shall provide descriptions of prime, base, intermediate, and finish coats as applicable; minimum dry film thickness in mils; and color.

3.3.1.1.2 SPC System Accessory Materials. Coating accessory materials such as joint sealants, fillers, primers, thinners, form release agents, and scrim cloth shall be as recommended by the manufacturer of the SPC system suitable for environmental conditions specified in this document.

3.3.1.2 Processes

3.3.1.2.1 Surface Preparation

3.3.1.2.1.1 Surface Preparation (Excluding Existing Pit Interior SPC Repairs). The design document will incorporate a surface preparation procedure prepared in consultation with the manufacturer of the SPC system. Substrate preparation method(s) and acceptance criteria will be selected and documented in the design media during the design phase.

3.3.1.2.1.2 Surface Preparation for Existing Pit Interior SPC Repairs. The design document will incorporate a surface preparation procedure prepared in consultation with the manufacturer of the SPC system when field radiological/toxicological conditions permit. When field radiological/toxicological conditions prohibit surface preparation per manufacturer's consultation, the design document will provide minimum surface preparation details consistent with ALARA.

3.3.1.2.2 SPC System Application. The SPC system shall be installed only when ambient and surface temperatures are within the range recommended by the coating manufacturer for the respective coating. The application procedure for the SPC system shall be in accordance with the manufacturers' specification.

3.3.1.3 Optimization. During the design of facilities, optimization principles, as discussed in ICRP Publication 37, shall be utilized in developing and justifying facility design and physical controls.

3.3.1.4 Dome Loading. The equipment used for installation and maintenance shall comply with the DST dome loading constraints.

3.3.2 Electromagnetic Radiation

Not applicable to this specification.

3.3.3 Identification and Marking

Not applicable to this specification.

3.3.4 Workmanship

Not applicable to this specification.

3.3.5 Interchangeability

Not applicable to this specification.

3.3.6 Safety

3.3.6.1 Material Safety Data Sheets. Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for the SPC system components shall be furnished during the data transmittal review stage for approval. Obtain inspection and acceptance by the construction engineer before opening containers or removing labels.

3.3.6.2 Fire Protection

3.3.6.2.1 Fire Characteristics. Any materials with unusual fire characteristics, such as urethane foams, and any materials that develop significant quantities of toxic or other harmful products of combustion, shall not be used as interior finishes or other interior applications without the approval of the cognizant DOE fire protection authority. The use of foamed plastics in construction shall be prohibited unless it fully complies with Factory Mutual 1-57.

3.3.6.2.2 Interior Finishes. Nuclear facilities and laboratories shall have interior finish materials (decorations, furnishings, and exposed wall or insulating material) that have an Underwriters Laboratories (ASTM E-84/NFPA 255) flame spread rating of 25 or less, and smoke developed rating of 50 or less.

3.3.7 Human Performance/Human Engineering

Not applicable to this specification.

3.4 Documentation

3.4.1 Document Control

Records, documents, and document control pertinent to design functions shall be in accordance with RPP-PRO-224 and RPP-PRO-233.

3.5 Logistics

3.5.1 Maintenance

Not applicable to this specification.

3.5.2 Supply

3.5.2.1 Parts and Components. The system design shall, to the greatest extent practicable, use readily available parts and components.

3.5.3 Facilities and Facility Equipment

Not applicable to this specification.

3.6 Personnel and Training

3.6.1 Personnel

Not applicable to this specification.

3.6.2 Training

Not applicable to this specification.

3.7 Major Component Characteristics

Not applicable to this specification.

4 SYSTEM QUALIFICATION PROVISIONS

4.1 General

The Project W-314 QAPP (HNF-SD-W314-QAPP-001) defines the quality assurance requiremnts for this project.

Table 4-1 listed verifications may be performed in conjunction with QAPP verifications. Inspections as defined in 4.2 shall be conducted during the design and development of each system to provide assurance of compliance with the requirements of this PDS.

4.1.1 Responsibility for Inspections

The design contractor shall be responsible for the performance of all inspections for each system developed in accordance with this PDS. Inspections shall be conducted at the contractor facilities or the facilities of his choice with the approval of the procuring authority. The procuring authority reserves the right to witness or perform the specified inspections.

4.1.2 Special Tests and Examinations

Not applicable to this specification.

4.2 Quality Conformance Inspections.

Qualification shall be performed on System hardware representative of the approved production design. Qualification of the System to assure compliance with the requirements of Section 3 shall be by examination, demonstration, test, and/or analysis, as defined herein. Test program data may be used to assure compliance with requirements.

a. Examination is an element of inspection consisting of investigation, without the use of special laboratory appliances or procedures, to determine compliance with requirements. This method is intended to be construction related and consists of examination of documents and construction activities.

b. Demonstration is an element of inspection that is limited to readily observable functional operation to determine compliance with requirements. This element of inspection does not require the use of special equipment or sophisticated instrumentation. This method is intended to be utilized for any mock-up testing.

c. Test is an element of inspection that employs technical means including (but not limited to) the evaluation of functional characteristics by use of special equipment or instrumentation, simulation techniques, and the application of established principles and procedures to determine compliance with requirements. The analysis of data derived from test is an integral part of this inspection. This method is intended to be utilized for any acceptance testing in the field.

d. Analysis is an element of inspection, taking the form of the processing of accumulated results and conclusions, intended to provide proof that verification of a requirement(s) has been accomplished. The analytical results may be comprised of a compilation of interpretation of

existing information or derived from lower level examinations, tests, demonstrations, or analyses.

The environmental capability of equipment shall be demonstrated by appropriate testing, analysis, and operating experience, or other methods that can be supported by auditable documentation, or a combination of these methods.

							ſ
Section 3 Paragraph	Title	Level of Assembly		Inspec	stion Ele	ment	
Number			Exam	Demo	Test	Anly	N A
3.2	Characteristics						×
3.2.1	Performance Characteristics						×
3.2.1.1	Provide Chemical Resistance						×
3.2.1.1.1	Chemical Resistance					×	
3.2.1.2	Provide Decontaminability						×
3.2.1.2.1	Radionuclide Compatibility					×	
3.2.1.2.2	Decontamination Factor					×	
3.2.2	Physical Characteristics						×
3.2.2.1	Surface Application		Х			×	
3.2.2.2	Thermal Stress Endurance					×	
3.2.2.3	Volatile Organic Content Compliance					×	
3.2.2.4	Tensile Properties					×	
3.2.2.5	Abrasion Resistance					×	
3.2.2.6	Permeability					×	
3.2.2.7	Adhesion to Substrate					×	
3.2.2.8	Color		×			×	
3.2.2.9	Labeling Paint					×	
3.2.3	Reliability					×	
3.2.4	Maintainability					×	
3.2.5	Environmental Conditions						×
3.2.5.1	Natural Environments						×
3.2.5.1.1	Ambient Air Temperature					×	
3.2.5.1.2	Soil Temperature						×
3.2.5.1.3	Seismic Loads						×
3.2.5.1.4	Wind Loads						×

Table 4-1 Quality Conformance Inspection Matrix

				1			
Section 3 Paragraph	Title	Level of Assemblv		Inspe	ction Ele	ment	
Number			Exam	Demo	Test	Anly	N/A
3.2.5.1.5	Snow Loads						×
3.2.5.1.6	Relative Humidity					×	
3.2.5.1.7	Surface Precipitation					×	
3.2.5.1.8	Hail Events					×	
3.2.5.1.9	Sand and Dust					×	
3.2.5.1.10	Solar Radiation					×	
3.2.5.1.11	Glaze			-		×	i
3.2.5.1.12	Ashfall Events						×
3.2.5.1.13	Load Combinations and Allowable Stresses						×
3.2.5.2	Induced Environments						×
3.2.5.2.1	Waste Properties					×	-
3.2.5.2.2	Radiation Tolerance						×
3.2.5.2.2.1	Inside Pit Radiation Level					×	
3.2.5.2.2	Background Radiation Level					×	
3.2.6	Transportability						×
3.2.7	Flexibility and Expansion					×	
3.3	Design and Construction						×
3.3.1	Materials, Processes, and Parts		5				×
3.3.1.1	Materials						×
3.3.1.1.1	SPC System						×
3.3.1.1.1.1	Service Area					×	
3.3.1.1.2	SPC System Schedule					×	
3.3.1.1.2	SPC System Accessory Materials	,				×	
3.3.1.2	Processes						×
3.3.1.2.1	Surface Preparation						×

Table 4-1 Quality Conformance Inspection Matrix (Continued)

Section 3 Paragraph	Title	Level of Assembly		Inspe	ction Ele	ment	
Number			Exam	Demo	Test	Anly	N/A
3.3.1.2.1.1	Surface Preparation (Excluding Existing Pit Interior SPC Repairs)					х	
3.3.1.2.1.2	Surface Preparation for Existing Pit Interior SPC Repairs					×	
3.3.1.2.2	SPC System Application		Х			×	
3.3.1.3	Optimization					×	
3.3.1.4	Dome Loading					Х	
3.3.2	Electromagnetic Radiation						×
3.3.3	Identification and Marking						×
3.3.4	Workmanship						×
3.3.5	Interchangeability						×
3.3.6	Safety						×
3.3.6.1	Material Safety Data Sheets					×	
3.3.6.2	Fire Protection						×
3.3.6.2.1	Fire Characteristics					×	
3.3.6.2.2	Interior Finishes					×	
3.3.7	Human Performance/Human Engineering						×
3.4	Documentation						×
3.4.1	Document Control		Х			×	
3.5	Logistics						X
3.5.1	Maintenance						X
3.5.2	Supply						×
3.5.2.1	Parts and Components					×	
3.5.3	Facilities and Facility Equipment						×
3.6	Personnel and Training						×

Table 4-1 Quality Conformance Inspection Matrix (Continued)

<u>г</u>				
	N/A	×	×	×
ment	Anly			
otion Ele	Test			
lnspe	Demo			
	Exam			
Level of Assembly				
Title		Personnel	Training	Major Component Characteristics
Section 3 Paragraph Number		3.6.1	3.6.2	3.7

Table 4-1 Quality Conformance Inspection Matrix (Continued)

5 NOTES

5.1 Definitions

5.1.1 Abrasion Resistance

The property of a surface by which it resists being worn away as the result of friction.

5.1.2 Adhesion

The bond or attraction of a coat of paint to the underlying material, such as a substrate or another coat.

5.1.3 Chip

The detachment of small pieces of the substrate.

5.1.4 Decontamination

The act of removing radioactive nuclides from a surface.

5.1.5 Decontamination Factor

The ratio of the original number of radioactive nuclides on the surface of a specimen to the number remaining after a decontamination process.

5.1.6 Dry-film Thickness

Depth of applied coating when dry, expressed in mils (0.001 in).

5.1.7 Flaking

The detachment of small pieces of the coating film.

5.1.8 Glaze

Coating of ice formed when rain or drizzle freezes on contact with any surface having a temperature that is below freezing.

5.1.9 Holiday

Pinhole, skip, discontinuity, or a void in coating film.

5.1.10 Laitance

A fine, whitish accumulation on concrete surfaces. It consists mainly of cement particles that were carried by water rising to the surface of freshly placed concrete.

5.1.11 Permeability

5-1

The measure of water or water vapor transmission rate through films of coating.

5.1.12 Service Level II Area

That area outside primary containment subject to radiation exposure and radionuclide contamination in accordance with ASTM D 5144.

5.1.13 Substrate

The base surface to which a coating is to be applied.

5.1.14 Wet-Film Thickness

Depth of applied coating expressed in mils measured immediately after application.

5.1.15 Water Vapor Transmission Rate

The steady water vapor flow in unit time through unit area of a body.

5.2 Acronym List

- AIM Architectural and Industrial Maintenance
- ANSI American National Standard Institute
- ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials
- DF Decontamination Factor
- DFT Dry Film Thickness
- DOE U.S. Department of Energy
- DRD Design Requirements Document
- EPA Environmental Protection Agency
- FDNW Fluor Daniel Northwest
- MSDS Material Safety Data Sheet
- N/A Not Applicable
- NACE National Association of Corrosion Engineers
- PC Performance Category
- RPP River Protection Project
- SPC Special Protective Coating
- VOC Volatile Organic Components
- WVT Water Vapor Transmission

5.3 Applicable Documents

National codes and standards will be identified within Section 2, Applicable Documents, of the PDS without dates or revision numbers. Government documents and Hanford site standards will be identified by the effective date or revision number.

APPENDIX A

FUNCTIONAL FLOW BLOCK DIAGRAMS (FFBDs)

Not applicable to this specification.

APPENDIX B

REQUIREMENTS BASIS

		SVSTEM ELEMENT
FUNCTION NUMBEH AND NAME		NUMBER
3.2.3.7 Provide	3.2.1.1.1 Chemical Resistance	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 W-314 New and
	Basis: This is the cross-site transfer system chemical composition from Internal	Repaired Special
	Memo 22170-93-012, <i>Hecommended Waste Composition Changes to the MWTF FDC</i> , Rev. 1, Waste Management Engineering to J. M. Light, June 23,	
	1993, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington. The waste	
	composition from the cross-site transfer system is the worst-case for the w-314 transfer piping.	
3.2.3.8 Provide	3.2.1.2.1 Radionuclide Compatibility	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 W-314 New and
	Basis: The radionuclide concentrations in Table 3-2, column "W-314" represent	Repaired Special
	a bounding mixture for design and were derived by assuming a mixture	Protective Coating
	comprised of two-thirds of the maximum sample activity composite from the "All	
	I liquids" column and one-trilid of the maximum sample activity composite more the "All collide" column with the excentions of where either a solid or lignid	
	composite is unknown then the total of the known composite is used and for	
	14C and 155Eu where the maximum liquid value was used as it is higher than	
	the mix. The All Solids and All Liquid columns are from	
	WHC-SD-WM-SARR-016, Tank Waste Compositions and Atmospheric	
	Dispersion Coefficients for use in Safety Analysis Consequence Assessments, Dove 3 Table 13, Van Keinen J. C., 1996, Westinghouse Hanford Company.	
	Richland, Washington.	
3.2.3.8 Provide	3.2.1.2.2 Decontamination Factor	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1
Decontaminability		W-314 New and
	Basis: Decontaminabilty is measured by the (DF) in accordance with ASTM D	Repaired Special
	4256. The higher the overall DF, the easier the coating will be to	Protective Coating
	decontaminate. DF 100 corresponds to 99% removal of contamination which is	
	achievable with current coating technology. A DF value of 20 is achievable with	
	water wash and a desirable criteria in accordance with ANSI N512. These	
	criteria were outlined in GS09855.SP, Chemical Resistant Decontaminable	
	Coating Guide Specification.	

Table B-1 Requirements Basis

B-2

		_		2.1		~			1.1						2.1	.2.1	12.1	1.2.1 g	g 1.2.1	g .2.1	0 5.1	g 5.1
W-314 New and	Repaired Special	Protective Coatin		hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1	W-314 New and	Protective Coating			hsems.2.3.1.1.2.	Renaired Special	Protective Coatin				hsems 2.3.1.1.2.	hsems.2.3.1.1.2. W-314 New and	hsems.2.3.1.1.2. W-314 New and Repaired Specia	hsems.2.3.1.1.2. W-314 New and Repaired Specia Protective Coatir	hsems.2.3.1.1.2. W-314 New and Repaired Specia Protective Coatir	hsems.2.3.1.1.2. W-314 New and Repaired Specia Protective Coatir	hsems.2.3.1.1.2. W-314 New and Repaired Special Protective Coatir	hsems.2.3.1.1.2. W-314 New and Repaired Special Protective Coatir
3.2.2.1 Surface Application	Booic: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry	wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, Control of External Corrosion on	Inderground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.	3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance		Basis: ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that	thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0 -	1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.000 incres) can be expected invit incode and produced in a second produced produced produced in a second produced	3.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content Compliance		Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmentation rocount regulation of the https://www.active.com/	acceptable value is in accordance with the VOC requirements for Industrial	Maintenance Coatings outlined in Appendix II of the Proposed Alternative Aller Decriment Framework and Industry Caucus Response.		2.2.2.1 Toncila Dronartias	3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties	3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties	3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties Basis: The tensile strength and percent elongation at break are measures of the tensile properties of coating and sealant materials. The acceptable values	3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties Basis: The tensile strength and percent elongation at break are measures of the tensile properties of coating and sealant materials. The acceptable values are in accordance with the requirements outlined in GS09855.SP, <i>Chemical</i>	3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties Basis: The tensile strength and percent elongation at break are measures of the tensile properties of coating and sealant materials. The acceptable values are in accordance with the requirements outlined in GS09855.SP, <i>Chemical</i> <i>Resistant Decontaminable Coating Guide Specification</i> . The requirements are	3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties Basis: The tensile strength and percent elongation at break are measures of the tensile properties of coating and sealant materials. The acceptable values are in accordance with the requirements outlined in GS09855.SP, <i>Chemical</i> <i>Resistant Decontaminable Coating Guide Specification</i> . The requirements are based on available data from manufacturers of the type of coatings currently	3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties Basis: The tensile strength and percent elongation at break are measures of the tensile properties of coating and sealant materials. The acceptable values are in accordance with the requirements outlined in GS09855.SP, <i>Chemical</i> <i>Resistant Decontaminable Coating Guide Specification</i> . The requirements are based on available data from manufacturers of the type of coatings currently
3.5						ŭ.		- -					20	-		0		σ Ω ‡		ю́ Ш т छ т छ т छ т छ т छ т छ т		e, π≠απο
AND NAME	AND NAME As 2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Surface Application W-314 New and	AND NAME 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 0.2.2.1 Surface Application 0.3.2.2.1 Surface Application 0.3.2 Surface Applica	AND NAME 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry Repaired Special wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on</i> Protective Coating	AND NAME AND NAME 3.2.2.1 Surface Application a.2.2.1 Surface Application basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry Repaired Special wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, Control of External Corrosion on Protective Coating tIndemround or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. Accordance	AND NAME 3.2.2.1 Surface Application hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 3.2.2.1 Surface Application W-314 New and Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry Repaired Special wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, Control of External Corrosion on Protective Coating Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1	AND NAME 3.2.2.1 Surface Application hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 3.2.2.1 Surface Application W-314 New and Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, Control of External Corrosion on Repaired Special Vnderground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance w-314 New and	AND NAME AND NAME 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1.2.1 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that Repaired Special Basis: ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that Repaired Special Basis: ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that Protective Coating Protective Coating	AND NAME AND NAME 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.</i> Nv-314 New and Repaired Special Protective Coating Protective Coating Note: Coating Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance Nv-314 New and Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance Nv-314 New and Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. 8 sis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures</i> , states that Cracks from 1.0-thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0-thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0-thermal stresses.	AND NAME 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 W314 New and Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracks from 1.0-thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0-thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0-there Coating protective Coating events.	AND NAME3.2.2.1Surface Applicationhsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.13.2.2.1Surface Application3.2.2.1V-314 New and W-314 New and Protective Coating N-314 New and Protective Coating N-314 New and N-314 New and N-314 New and N-314 New and N-314 New and N-314 New and Systems.3.2.2.2Thermal Stress Endurance Basis: ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracking, if any has occurred, results from initial shrinkage, imposed loads, thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack producing events.No.314 New and N.3.1.1.2.1.2.13.2.2.3Volatile Organic Content ComplianceNo.33.1.1.2.1.2.1.2.1 N.3.1.1.2.1.2.1	AND NAME AND NAME ASS.2.1 Surface Application hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 3.2.2.1 Surface Application W-314 New and W-314 New and Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.</i> N-314 New and Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.</i> N-314 New and Basis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures</i> , states that cracks from 1.0- hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures</i> , states that cracks from 1.0- hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures</i> , states that cracks from 1.0- hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures</i> , states that cracks from 1.0- hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracks from 1.0- hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracks from 1.0- hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracks from 1.0- hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in	AND NAMEAND NAMEBasis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.Protective CoatingProtective Coating2.2.2Thermal Stress EnduranceBasis: ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracks from 1.0-1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack producing events.N-314 New and Repaired Special Protective Coating events.3.2.2.3Volatile Organic Content Compliance3.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content ComplianceN-314 New and N-314 New and Repaired Special Protection Agency Achibectural and Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Coating rules. The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Protective Coating rules. The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Protective Coating rules. The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Protective Coating rules. The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Protective Coating rules. The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Protective Coating rules. The rule rule rule rule rule rule rule rul	AND NAME 3.2.2.1 Surface Application hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems</i> . w.314 New and W.314 New and W.314 New and Stress Endurance 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance w.314 New and N.3.2.2.1.1.2.1.2.1 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance w.314 New and W.314 New and W.314 New and Stress Endurance Basis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures</i> , states that Repaired Special Basis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures</i> , states that Repaired Special Repaired Special Protective Coating thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0-1.5 m (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack producing events. 3.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content Compliance Nv.314 New and Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special Basis: The requirement and Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Coating rules. The Protective Coating acceptable value is in accordance with the VOC requirements for Industrial Based and Industrial Bacordance with the VOC requirements for Industrial Baco	AND NAME 3.2.2.1 Surface Application hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.</i> w.314 New and W.314 New and W.314 New and The accordance with NACE RP0169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.</i> w.314 New and W.314 New and W.314 New and Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance 8.3.11.2.1.2.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures,</i> states that cracks from 1.0. Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Coating them alstresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0. 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack producing events. 3.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content Compliance Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special Basis: The requirement is on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special Basis: The requirement with the VOC requirements for Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Coating rules. The acceptable value is in accordance with the Proposed Alternative AIM Basinhoance Alternative AIM Basis: The requirement wand Industry and Industry and Protection Agency Repaired Special Basis: The requirement with the Process of Alternative AIM Basis: The requirement is hased on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special Basis: The requirement is the reproposed Alternative Coating Protective Coa	AND NAME AND NAME S2.2.1 Surface Application hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems</i> . hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems</i> . hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures</i> , states that cracking, if any has occurred, results from initial shrinkage, imposed loads, thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0.1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack producing events. hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 3.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content Compliance hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency receive Coating the acceptable value is in accordance with the VOC requirements for Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Coating rules. The acceptable value is in accordance with the VOC requirements for Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Coating rules. The acceptable value is in accordance with the VOC requirements for Industrial Resense. Acritectural and Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Coating rules. The acceptable value is in accordance with the VOC requirements for Industrial Resense. hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Acritectural and Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Coating rules. The acceptable value is in accordance with the Proposed Alternative AIM	AND NAME 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Isems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 0.3.2.1 Wait A New and Waite in accordance with NACE RP0169. Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. NW-314 New and Repaired Special Repaired Special Repaired Special Repaired Special Repaired Systems. 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance Basis: Acl 224R-90. Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracks from 1.0. Protective Coating Protective Coating reacking, if any has occurred. results from initial shrinkage, imposed loads, thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0. Protective Coating Repaired Special Repaired Special Repaired Special Repaired Special Repaired Special Repaired Special Cracking, if any has occurred. results from initial shrinkage, imposed loads, thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0. Protective Coating Repaired Special Repaired Specia	AND NAME 3.2.2.1 Surface Application hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 3.2.2.1 Surface Application w.314 New and w.314 New and Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry Repaired Special Wide in accordance with NACE RPD199, Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Wide in accordance with NACE RPD199, Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that Repaired Special Basis: ACI 0.400 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack producing revents, thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0 -1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack producing Protective Coating events. 3.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content Compliance N-314 New and Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special Repaired Special Restrict. 3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties outlined in Appendix II of the Proposed Alternative AlM Required Special Realine acceptable volue is in accordance with the VCD requirements for Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Coating rules. The acceptable volue is in accordance with the Proposed Alternative AIM Response. 3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties N-314 New and Response.	AND NAME 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Insems 2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 3.2.2.1 Surface Application W.314 New and Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.</i> W.314 New and 2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance No.311.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures</i> , states that cracking, if any has occurred, results from initial shrinkage, imposed loads, thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 10-1.5.1 No.314 New and Basis: ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracking if any has occurred, results from initial shrinkage, imposed loads, thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 10-1.5.1 No.314.New and Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency evoluting events. 3.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content Compliance No.314.New and Reg/Net Repaired Special Reprint and Industry Caucus Response. 3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties No.314.New and Reg/Net Repaired Special Reprint Repaired Special Repaired Special Reprint Reprint Repaire	AND NAME 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Insems 2.3.1.1.2.1 3.2.2.1 Surface Application W.314 New and No.314 New and Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry under pround or Submerged Metallic Priping Systems. No.314 New and Nuderground or Submerged Metallic Priping Systems. No.314 New and Protective Coating Nuderground or Submerged Metallic Priping Systems. No.314 New and No.314 New and 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance No.314 New and No.314 New and Basis: ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracks from 1.0 No.314 New and No.314 New and Basis: ACI 224R-90, 0.000 inches) can be expected from these crack producing events. No.314 New and No.314 New and Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Architectural and Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Coating rules. The acceptable value is in accordance with the VOC requirements for Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Coating rules. The acceptable value is in accordance with the VOC requirements for Industrial Repaired Special Basis: The tensule strength and houstrial Maintenance (AIM) Coating rules. The acceptable values in accordance with the Proposed Alternative Coating the acceptable values in accordance with the Proposed Alternative Coating the acceptable values in accordance with the Proposed Alternative Coating acceptable values in accordance with the Proposed Alternative	AND NAME 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Insems 2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 3.2.2.1 Surface Application W-314 New and Basis: a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry Weight accordance with NACE RPO169. Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. Insems 2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90. Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracking, if any has occurred, results from initial shrinkage, imposed loads, thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0- 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack producing events. Protective Coating W-314 New and Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency events. 3.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content Compliance W-314 New and Regrided Special Basis: The requirements based on the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Architectural and Industry Caucus Response. NW-314 New and Regrided Special Basis: The tensile strength and percent elongation at break are measures of Repaired Special Basis: The tensile properties NW-314 New and Basis: The tensile strength and percent elongation at break are measures of Basis: The tensile properties 3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties M-314 New and Basis: The tensile properties 3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties W-314 New and Basis: The tensile strength and percent elongation at break are measures of Basis: The tensile properties Basis: The tensile properties Basin couting at break are measures of Basis: The tensile s	AND MANE 3.2.2.1 Surface Application hsems 2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RPO169, Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. by w.314 New and W.314 New and Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. 3.2.2.1 Thermal Stress Endurance by accordance with NACE RPO169, Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. by w.314 New and W.314 New and Underground or Submerged Nintal Strinhsage, imposed loads, thermal Stress Endurance 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance by assis: Aci 1224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracks from 1.0. thermal Stresses and from mitial strinhsage, imposed loads, thermal Stresses and from mitial strinhsage, imposed loads, thermal Stresses and from mitial strinhsage intosed loads, thermal Stresses and from mitial strinhsage intosed loads, thermal Stresses and from mitial strinhsage intosed loads, thermal Stresses and from mitial strinhsage. Protective Coating Protection Agency thermal Stresses and from these crack producing 8 assis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special Maintenance (AIM) Coating unds. Protective Coating Resense 2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1.2.1 8 assis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special Maintenance (AIM) Coating unds. Protective Coating Resense 2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1.2.1 8 assis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special	AND NAME 3.2.2.1 Surface Application hsems 2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry videin accordance with NACE FRO169, Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. Wv314 New and Wv314 New and Wr314 New and Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. Basis: Acl 224R-90. Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracks from 1.0. Inderground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. Nv314 New and Wv314 New and Basis: Acl 224R-90. Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracks from 1.0. Basis: Acl 224R-90. Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracks from 1.0. Intermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. Acl states that cracks from 1.0. Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special Strends. Nv314 New and Repaired Special Protective Coating to the Protectine Coating at the Architectural and Industry Maintenance (AIM) Coating utes. The acceptate with the VCC requirements for Industrial Repaired Special Resents. 2.3.112.12.1 Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special Resents. 2.3.1.12.12.1 Nv314 New and Resents. 2.3.1.12.12.1 Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special Resents. Nv314 New and Resents. 2.3.1.12.12.1 Basis: The requirements in accordance with the VCC requirements for Industrial accepted and industry Resents. 2.3.1.12.12.1 Nv314 New and Resents. 2.2.4
	3.2.2.1 Surface Application W-314 New and	3.2.2.1 Surface Application W-314 New and W-314 New and Repaired Special	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application W-314 New and W-314 New and W-314 New and W-314 New and W-314 New and W-314 New and W-314 New and Protective Coating Protective Coating	3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on</i> <i>Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.</i>	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry Repaired Special W-314 New and W-314 New and wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, Control of External Corrosion on Protective Coating Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. W-314 New and Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Coating Notesting Systems. 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance W-314 New and W-314 New and W-314 New and Protective Coating Notesting Systems.	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. W-314 New and W-314 New and Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Coating Systems. 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance N-314 New and Protective Coating Protective Coat	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. W-314 New and W-314 New and N-312.1.2.1.2.1 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance N-314 New and N-314 New and N-316 New and Stress Structures, states that cracks from 1.0-100 New	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 0.314 New and wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. w.314 New and w.314 New and w.314 New and Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Systems. 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance 8.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracks from 1.0-thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0-thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0-thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0-thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0-thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0-thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0-thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0-thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0-thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0-thermal stresses.	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems</i> . W-314 New and W-314 New and W-314 New and W-314 New and Basis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems</i> . Basis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures</i> , states that cracking, if any has occurred, results from initial shrinkage, imposed loads, thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0 - 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack producing events. 3.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content Compliance hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.</i> W.314 New and W.314 New and W.314 New and Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Systems. 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance W.314 New and Protective Coating Protectiv	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. W-314 New and Realific Piping Systems. Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. 8.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance 8.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracks from initial shrinkage, imposed loads, thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0.1. Protective Coating Repaired Special Protective Coating Protective Coating events. 3.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content Compliance 3.2.2.1.1.2.1.2.1 W-314 New and Repaired Special Protection Agency 8 sis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency 8.3.1.1.2.1.2.1.2.1 W-314 New and Repaired Special Protection Agency 9.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content Compliance 9.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content Compliance N-314 New and Repaired Special Re	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 0.01100 Second model industry Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry W-314 New and Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry Repaired Special W-314 New and W-314 New and Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. N-314 New and 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance N-314 New and Basis: ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracks from initial shrinkage, imposed loads, thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0-1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack producing events. 3.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content Compliance N-314 New and Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Architectural and Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Coating trues. The Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental frotection Agency (EPA) Architectural and Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Coating rules. The acceptable value is in accordance with the VOC requirements for Industrial and Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Coating rules. The required special Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Architectural and Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Coating rules. The acceptable value is in accordance with the VOC requirements for Industrial Base in accordance with the VOC requirements for Manotico Ma	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.</i> N=314 New and R=311.2.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures</i> , states that cracking, if any has occurred, results from initial shrinkage, imposed loads, thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0. N=314 New and R=3.1.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.</i> Ne-314 New and Repaired Special Repaired Special Repaired Special Systems. 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance 3.2.2.1 Thermal Stress Endurance Ne-314 New and Repaired Special Repaired Special Repaired Special Systems. 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance Ne-314 New and Repaired Special Repaired Special Repaired Special Systems. 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance Ne-314 New and Repaired Special Reprintentence (AM) Coating rules. The Repaired Special Repaired Special Reprintentence (AM) Coating rules. The Repaired Special Repaired Special Reprintentence (AM) Coating rules. The Repaired Special Repaired Special Reprintentence (AM) Coating rules. The Repaired Special Reprintentence (AM) Repaire	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. Nrsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1.4.1.4.1.4.1.4.1.4.1.4.1.4.1	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.</i> Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Table assis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures</i> , states that cracks from 1.0-15 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack producing events. Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Systems 2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 Basis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures</i> , states that cracks from 1.0-15 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack producing events. Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Coating events. 3.2.2.3. Volatile Organic Content Compliance ACI 224R-90, Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that cracks from 1.0-15 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack producing events. Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Coating events. 3.2.2.3. Volatile Organic Content Compliance Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special Metallis Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special Maintenance Coating southined in Appendix II of the Proposed Alternative AIM Basis Protective Coating Protective Coating Maintenance Coating southined in Appendix II of the Proposed Alternative AIM Basis: The tencile strendth and Dercent elongation at break are measures of Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Coating Prote	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.</i> Na341 New and Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective States that cracking, if any has occurred, results from initial shrinkage, imposed loads, thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0. Na341 New and Reams.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance Basis: ACI 224P-90, <i>Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures</i> , states that cracks from 1.0. Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Coating thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0. 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack producing events. N-314 New and Repaired Special Repaired Special Repaired Special Repaired Special Repaired Special Repaired Special accents. 2.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content Compliance 0.030 inches) can be expected from these crack producing Repaired Special Repaired Special Repaired Special Resonance Coating rules. 2.2.2.4 Tensile Properties 3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties 3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties 3.2.2.4 Tensile Strength and percent elongation at break are measures of Repaired Special Researce from the secondance with the VOC requirements of nuckine Response. 8 asis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Response. N-314 New and Respecial Response. 8 asis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Prot	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE FPD169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.</i> No.314 New and FPD169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.</i> 8asis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures,</i> states that cracks fug, if any has occurred, results from initial shrinkage, imposed loads, thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0-1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack producing events. Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Coating Protective Coating events. 3.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content Compliance Nw.314 New and Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency (FPA) Architectural and Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Coating rules. The acceptable value is naccordance with the VOC requirements for Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Cautus for Maintenance Alternative AIM RegNug Framework and Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Cautus Reposed Alternative Coating Maintenance Coating rules. The acceptable value is naccordance with the Proposed Alternative AIM RegNug Framework and Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Cautus Response. 3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties 3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties Basis: The tensile strength and sealant materials. The acceptable values is naccordance with the requirements for Industrial Maintenance fullower and the Proposed Alternative Coating are in accordance with the receinand sealant materials. The acceptable value is a	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.</i> W-314 New and W-314 New and Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. 3.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance W-314 New and W-314 New and Basis: ACI 224R-90, <i>Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures</i> , states that Repaired Special Cracking if any has occurred, results from initial shrinkage, imposed loads, thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0. hsems 2.3.11.2.1.2.1 3.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content compliance 8.3.2.2.3 Volatile Organic Content Compliance N-314 New and Repaired Special Protectures and Industry Repaired Special Protecture Science (AIM) Coating rules. The acceptable value is in accordance with the VOC requirements for Industrial Maintenance (AIM) Coating rules. The acceptable value is in accordance with the VOC requirements of NM Coating rules. The acceptable value is in accordance with the VOC requirements of the Proposed Alternative Coating Repaired Special Basis: The tensile Properties 3.2.2.4 Tensile Properties Basis: The tensile strength and percent elongation at break are measures of Repaired Special Basis: The tensile properties Basis: The tensile properties Basis: The tensile properties Basis: The tensile properties W-314 New and Basis and Basis and Solating Solated Solating solation at break are measures of Repaired Special Basis: The tensile properties Basis: The tensile properties Ba	3.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RPD169, <i>Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems.</i> W-314 New and W-314 New and Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. 8.2.2.2 Thermal Stress Endurance W-314 New and W-314 New and Cracking in <i>Concrete Structures</i> , states that cracks from 10.40 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack producing thermal stresses. and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 10.15 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack producing events. M-314 New and W-314 New and Basis: The requirement is based on the Environmental Protection Agency Repaired Special (EPA) Architectural and Industry Cautores (AIM) Coating rules. The acceptable value is in accordance with Net events. M-314. New and Repaired Special Protection Agency Repaired Special Resist: The tensile strength and percent elongation at break are measures of Repaired Special Resist: The tensile strength and percent elongation at break are measures of Repaired Special Resist: The tensile strength and percent elongation at break are measures of Repaired Special Resist: The tensile properties of coating and sealant materials. The acceptable values is accordance with the requirements of the type of coating currently Repaired Special Resist and acceleration and rules are rule acceleration. The requirements of the type of coating currently Repaired Special Resist and acceleration and rules on the store ocating and sealant materials. The acceleration at the type of coating currently resist are rules are rules. The tensile properties of the type of coating currently rules rule rule rules are rules. The requirements of the type of coating currently rules rule rule rules a	3.2.2.1 Surface Application 3.2.2.1 Surface Application Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry ward W-314 New and Basis: This is a desirable characteristic of the SPC system followed industry wide in accordance with NACE RP0169, Control of External Corrosion on Underground or Submerged Metallic Piping Systems. W-314 New and Basis: ACI 224R-90. Control of Cracking in Concrete Structures, states that recetive Coating in any has occurred, results from initial strinkage, imposed loads, thermal stresses, and from uneven settlement. ACI states that cracks from 1.0 - 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack from 1.0 - 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack from 1.0 - 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack from 1.0 - 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack from 1.0 - 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack from 1.0 - 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack from 1.0 - 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack from 1.0 - 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack from 1.0 - 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack from 1.0 - 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack from 1.0 - 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack from 1.0 - 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack from 1.0 - 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack from 2.3 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack from 1.0 - 1.5 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack from 2.3 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack from 2.3 mm (0.040 to 0.060 inches) can be expected from these crack from 2.3 mm (0.0

B-3

.....

SYSTEM ELEMENT NUMBER	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 W-314 New and	Repaired Special Protective Coating				hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 W-314 New and	Repaired Special Protective Coating					
TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS	3.2.2.5 Abrasion Resistance	Basis: The SPC system on substrates can be damaged by abrasion during installation and operation. ASTM D 5144 requires that where abrasion is a	factor, the coating shall demonstrate the abrasion resistance property. The acceptable values are dependent on the types of SPC systems and in accordance with the requirements outlined in GS09855.SP, <i>Chemical Resistant</i>	Decontaminable Coating Guide Specification. The requirements are based on available data from manufacturers of the type of SPC systems currently used at	Hanrord Site.	3.2.2.6 Permeability	Basis: One function of the coating is to isolate the substrate from the	measure of how well the function is performed. The acceptable values are in	accordance with the requirements outlined in GS09855.SP, Chemical Resistant	Decontaminable Coating Guide Specification. The requirements are based on	available data from manufacturers of the type of SPC systems currently used at	Hanford Site.
FUNCTION NUMBER AND NAME												

FUNCTION NUMBER AND NAME	TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS	SYSTEM ELEMENT NUMBER
	3.2.2.7 Adhesion to Substrate	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 W-314 New and
	Basis: ASTM D 5144 requires that the SPC system shall demonstrate the	Repaired Special
	adnesion to substrate property. The acceptable value is dependent on the types of SPC system and is in accordance with the requirement outlined in GS09855 SP Chemical Besistant Decontaminable Coating Guide Specification	Protective Coating
	. The requirement is based on available data from manufacturers of the type of SPC systems currently used at Hanford Site.	
	Adhesion is directly related to preparation. For repair of existing coatings on	
	the interior of pits, the preparation required of the substrate to meet the manufacturers recommended preparation could expose workers to	
	unacceptable radiation levels and/or possible airborne release of contamination. Preparation of the substrate must be evaluated on a pit by pit	
	Dasis.	
	3.2.2.8 Color	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 W-314 New and
	Basis: The nozzle labels and flow diagram are painted over the top coat. The	Repaired Special
	flow diagram is painted on the top surface of the cover block to assist the	Protective Coating
	operator in valving to the correct tank. Each nozzle in the pit is assigned an unique number which is painted on the pit wall near the nozzle to assist the	
	operator in reconnection during the jumper change.	
	3.2.2.9 Labeling Paint	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1
	Booic: The labeling point must be competible with the CDC water such that	W-314 New and
	the label is visible and the paint thes not degrade the effectiveness of the SPC	Protective Coating
	system.	D

B-6

FUNCTION NUMBER	TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS	SYSTEM ELEMENT NUMBER
ANU NAME	o o E 1 0 - Loit Evente	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1
		W-314 New and
	Basis: WHC-SD-W314-DRD-001, Preliminary Design Requirements Document	Repaired Special
	for Project W-314, Tank Farm Restoration and Safe Operations, Rev. 1,	Protective Coating
	Section 3.2.4.1.3.	hoome 0 2 1 1 0 1 0 1
	3.2.5.1.9 Sand and Dust	1156115.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1
	and a second of the second of	Renaired Special
	Basis: WHC-SD-W314-UHU-001, Preinmiary Design requirements Provincing for Project W-314, Tank Farm Restoration and Safe Operations, Rev. 1,	Protective Coating
	Section 3.2.4.1.4.	
	3.2.5.1.10 Solar Radiation	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 W-314 New and
	Basis: WHC-SD-W314-DBD-001. Preliminary Design Requirements Document	Repaired Special
	for Project W-314, Tank Farm Restoration and Safe Operations, Rev. 1,	Protective Coating
	Section 3.2.4.1.6.	
	325111 Glaze	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1
		W-314 New and
	Basis: The basis for this requirement is based on engineering judgement from	Repaired Special Protective Coating
	years of experience in the area.	
	3.2.5.2.1 Waste Properties	NSems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 W.314 New and
	Contraction and the WHC-SD-WM-DGS-006. Rev. 0. draft.	Repaired Special
	Basis: The waste properties are not the second structure of the second particle size basis is	Protective Coating
	I able 4-1 except particle size and operating succession Requirements Document for	
	Project W-058, Replacement of the Cross-Site Transfer System, Rev. 0,	
	Section 3.2.6.5. The transfer system piping components must be compatible	
	with transferring liquid waste with a SpG of 1.5 based on receipt of waste iron	
	Privatization per DE-RP06-96RL13308, TWHS Privatization Contract, Part 1,	
	Section C, Table TS-9.1 "Physical Requirements for Liquids of Siurries	
	Transferred to DOE."	

B-7

FUNCTION NUMBER AND NAME	TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS	SYSTEM ELEMENT NUMBER
	3.2.5.2.2.1 Inside Pit Radiation Level	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 W-314 New and
	Basis: The dose rate for new components in contact with HLW is 1E+07 mr/hr.	Repaired Special
	Total accumulated dose for components in contact with HLW is 2E+11 mrad in	Protective Coating
	40 years. The prorated accumulated dose for the design life of 12 years is	
	0E+10 IIIIau = 0E+07 Taus 101 CUITIPUTETIS III CUTIACI WITI TIE WASTE 01 (TE TZ veare - Roth hasis HTM requirements are consistent with 1 attor W 058-076	
	Project W-058 Cross-site Transfer System, J. L. Henderson to C. van Katwijk,	
	May 13, 1996.	
	3.2.5.2.2 Background Radiation Level	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1
		W-314 New and
	Basis: WHC-SD-GN-DGS-30011, Radiological Design Guide, Rev. 0, Table 7.1	Repaired Special
	for accumulated dose and Section 2.4 for dose rate.	Protective Coating
	3.2.7 Flexibility and Expansion	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1
		W-314 New and
_	Basis: WHC-SD-W314-DRD-001, Preliminary Design Requirements Document	Repaired Special
	for Project W-314, Tank Farm Restoration and Safe Operations, Rev. 1,	Protective Coating
	Section 3.2.5.	
	3.3.1.1.1 Service Area	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1
		W-314 New and
	Basis: ASTM D 5144, Standard Guide for Use of Protective Coating Standards	Repaired Special
	in Nuclear Power Plants.	Protective Coating
	3.3.1.1.2 SPC System Schedule	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1
		W-314 New and
	Basis: The SPC system schedule forms part of the subsection chemical	Repaired Special
	resistant decontaminable coating of the construction specification. The	Protective Coating
	schedule will be prepared based on the properties of the selected coating	
	system during the definitive design stage.	

FUNCTION NUMBER AND NAME	TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS	SYSTEM ELEMENT NUMBER
	3.3.1.1.2 SPC System Accessory Materials	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 W-314 New and
	Basis: The accessories materials are components of the SPC system and will either be supplied or recommended by the manufacturer of the coating for warranty purposes.	Repaired Special Protective Coating
	3.3.1.2.1.1 Surface Preparation (Excluding Existing Pit Interior SPC Repairs)	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 W-314 New and
	Basis: ASTM D 5144, Standard Guide for Use of Protective Coating Standards in Nuclear Power Plants.	Repaired Special Protective Coating
	3.3.1.2.1.2 Surface Preparation for Existing Pit Interior SPC Repairs	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 W-314 New and
	Basis: ASTM D 5144, Standard Guide for Use of Protective Coating Standards in Nuclear Power Plants.	Repaired Special Protective Coating
	3.3.1.2.2 SPC System Application	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 W-314 New and
	Basis: Mixing, application, and curing of SPC system materials are performed in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer of representative products. The application procedure for the SPC system is prepared in	Repaired Special Protective Coating
	accordance with the manufacturers' specification.	
	3.3.1.3 Optimization	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 W-314 New and
	Basis: DOE 5480.11, <i>Radiation Protection for Occupational Workers</i> , Section 9.j (1)(a).	Repaired Special Protective Coating
	3.3.1.4 Dome Loading	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1 W-314 New and
	Basis: HNF-IP-1266, Tank Farm Operations Administrative Controls, Section 5.16, "Tank Dome Controls."	Repaired Special Protective Coating
	3.3.6.1 Material Safety Data Sheets	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1
	Basis: SPC system components are considered as hazardous materials.	W-314 New and Repaired Special Protective Coating

FUNCTION NUMBER	TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS	SYSTEM ELEMENT
AND NAME		NUMBER
	3.3.6.2.1 Fire Characteristics	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1
		W-314 New and
	Basis: DOE 6430.1A, General Design Criteria, Section 0110-6.1.	Repaired Special
		Protective Coating
	3.3.6.2.2 Interior Finishes	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1
		W-314 New and
	Basis: DOE RLIP 5480.7, Fire Protection, Section 8.2(e).	Repaired Special
		Protective Coating
	3.4.1 Document Control	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1
		W-314 New and
	Basis: RPP-PRO-224, Document Control Program Standards, Rev. 0, and	Repaired Special
	RPP-PRO-233, Review and Approval of Documents, Rev. 0 are site standards	Protective Coating
	that must be adhered to.	
	3.5.2.1 Parts and Components	hsems.2.3.1.1.2.1.2.1
		W-314 New and
	Basis: WHC-SD-W314-DRD-001, Preliminary Design Requirements Document	Repaired Special
	for Project W-314, Tank Farm Restoration and Safe Operations, Rev. 1,	Protective Coating
	Section 3.5.5.	

B-10