

Introduction to FIBREGY project

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SOME FACTS

FIBREGY

Development, engineering, production and life-cycle management of improved FIBRE-based material solutions for structure and functional components of large offshore wind enerGY and tidal power platform

CALL: H2020-LC-NMBP-31-2020 **INTRUMENT**: Innovation Action

STARTING DATE: 01/01/2021 **PROJECT DURATION**: 36 mos.

8.0 M€

TOTAL BUDGET

6.5 ME

MAX GRANT AMOUNT

PARTNERS FROM 7 COUNTRIES

>40
RESEARCHERS

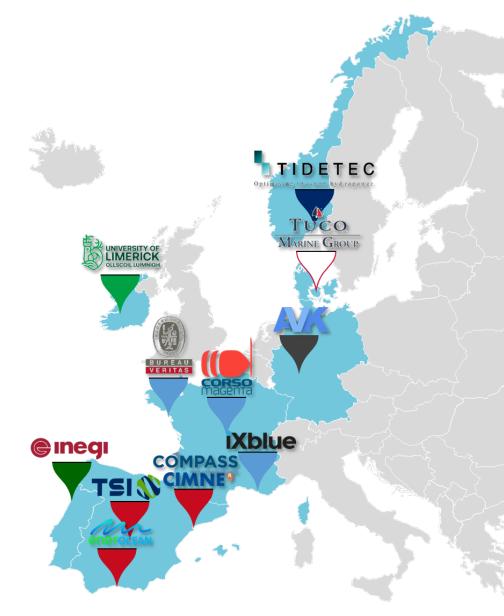
>900 PM
TOTAL EFFORT

OF TOTAL EFFORT DEVOTED TO ENGINEERING, DEVELOPMENT, BUILDING AND TESTING

CONSORTIUM



Participant Organisation Name	Short name	Country
Centre Internacional de Mètodes Numèrics en Enginyeria	CIMNE	SP
Bureau Veritas	BV	FR
EnerOcean S.L.	ENEROCEAN	SP
IXBLUE	IXBLUE	FR
University of Limerick - Irish Centre for Composites Research	ULIM	IE
Compass Ingeniería y Sistemas	COMPASSIS	SP
Técnicas y Servicios de Ingeniería	TSI	SP
INEGI - Instituto de Ciência e Inovação em Engenharia Mecânica e Engenharia Industrial	INEGI	PT
Tidetec AS	TIDETEC	NO
Corso Magenta	CORSO	FR
TUCO Yacht Vaerft APS	TUCO	DK
AVK – Industrievereinigung Verstärkte Kunststoffe e.V.	AVK	GE





PROJECT'S OVERALL OBJECTIVE



- The open sea is a very aggressive environment, which largely affect the maintenance costs of the offshore installations.
- A massive amount of steel goes into offshore assets, which explains why corrosion accounts for approximately 60% of offshore maintenance costs.
- Despite the convenient immunity to corrosion and superior fatigue performance of FRP, none of the structures of the Floating Offshore Wind Turbine concepts that have reached a high TRL are based on composites.
- If we look at the field of tidal power generators, the use of FRP materials for rotor blades is common but, with rare exceptions, the platform structure the major cost item- is made of steel.
- Reasons: lack of design and assessment (certification) guidelines, different technology gaps that have to be filled to demonstrate the full feasibility of using FRP materials in the offshore industry, prove a significant lower life cycle reduction.

The overall objective of the FIBREGY project is to enable the extensive use of FRP materials in the structure of the next generation of large Offshore Wind and Tidal Power platforms. In order to achieve this objective, the project will develop, qualify and audit innovative FRP materials for offshore applications, elaborate new design procedures and guidelines, generate efficient production, inspection and monitoring methodologies, and validate and demonstrate advanced software analysis tools. Finally, the different developed technologies will be demonstrated by using advanced simulation techniques and building large and real-scale prototypes.

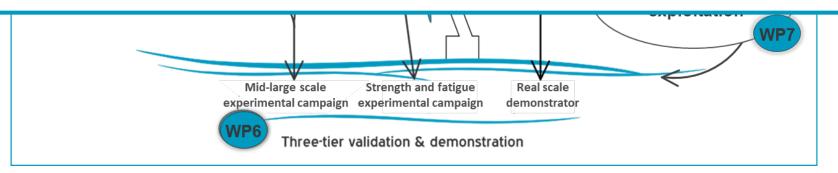








Objective 1 (WP2): To develop multi-functional FRP material solutions for the structure and the main components of large offshore wind energy and tidal power platforms. FIBREGY will qualify, categorize (based on their performance/cost ratio) and audit innovative FRP materials to obtain their future certification for offshore application. The project will also research into different aspects to improve the durability and to reduce maintenance needs, such as improving the microtexture and composition of eco-friendly auto-adhesive paint films, or the integration of embedded sensors (for structural health monitoring) in the production process.



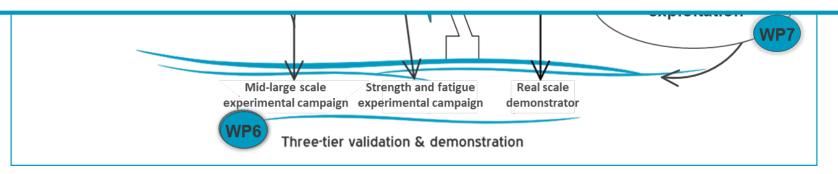








Objective 2 (WP5): To research into advanced manufacturing technologies for large structures and functional components of OWTP platforms. FIBREGY will analyse, qualify and select the best manufacturing techniques and modular production strategies, as well as maintenance and dismantling solutions to achieve a significant reduction of the manufacturing and life-cycle costs. Furthermore, it will include the design and assessment of new connection solutions for reducing stress concentration and the use of an innovative structural adhesive for secondary structural elements, as well as the conception of optimum assembly solutions for large modules.



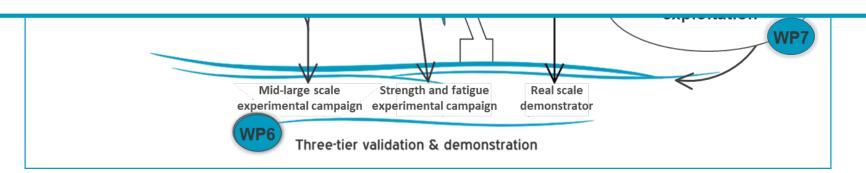








Objective 3 (WP4-6): To re-engineer two existing OWTP concepts, which has been selected as the most promising solutions from the market uptake point of view. FIBREGY will ensure the industrial relevance of its outcome by focussing on the re-design and assessment of the FRP structure and selected functional elements as well as the conception of the manufacturing process of two existing steel-based platforms: the ENEROCEAN'S W2POWER and the TIDETEC's turnable tidal turbine. The experience acquired in the project will be generalized to other concepts.



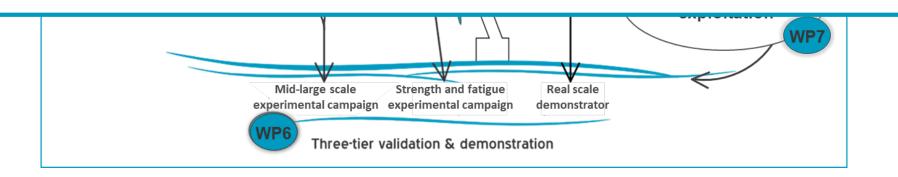








Objective 4 (WP3): To develop, validate, and demonstrate advanced engineering models for the prediction of material degradation, assessing the lifespan strength performance and for real time assessment of the structural health of large FRP-based OWTP platforms. Different existing computational models will be extended in FIBRESHIP to cover different analysis needs for the design and assessment of the future OWTP platforms.



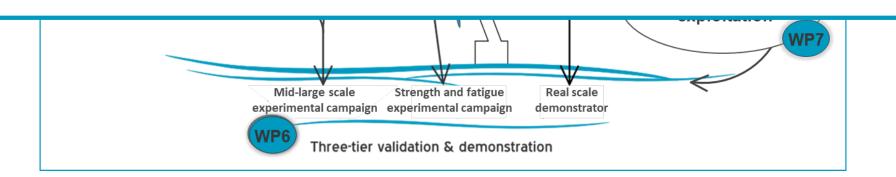








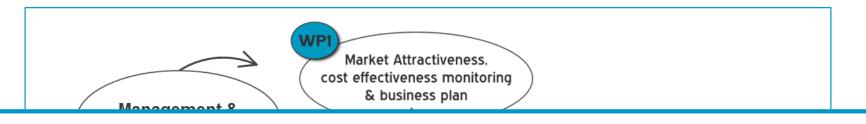
Objective 5 (WP4): To generate new design, performance criteria and production guidelines. The project experience, acquired in the development of the FRP-based OWTP concepts to be designed within FIBREGY, will be translated into a set of design, assessment and production guidelines. The participating classification and certification society, BV, will lead these tasks, and the outcome will be discussed and reviewed in a Standardization Committee with the other two major certification organizations supporting the project.



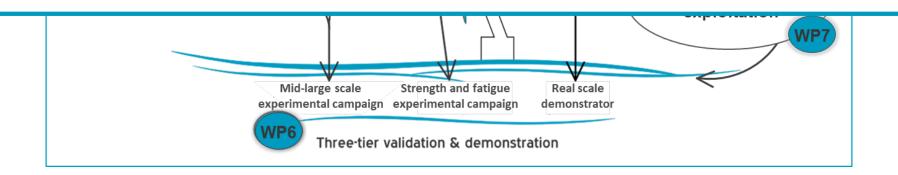








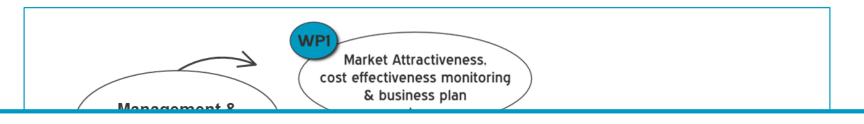
Objective 6 (WP6): To validate, assess, and demonstrate the different developments of the project. FIBREGY's technology demonstration and validation activities will follow a three-tier approach, including an extensive experimental campaign at coupon and medium-large scale, the building of one real scale demonstrator —a representative module of the FRP-based W2POWER platform - and advanced computational simulations of the whole FRP structures in realistic operational environments.



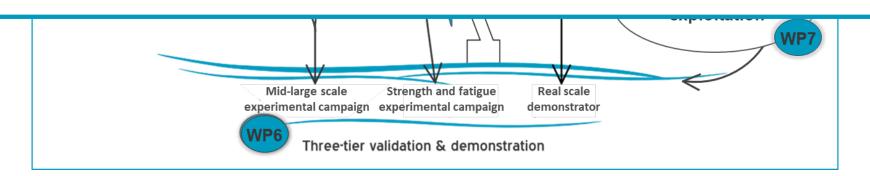








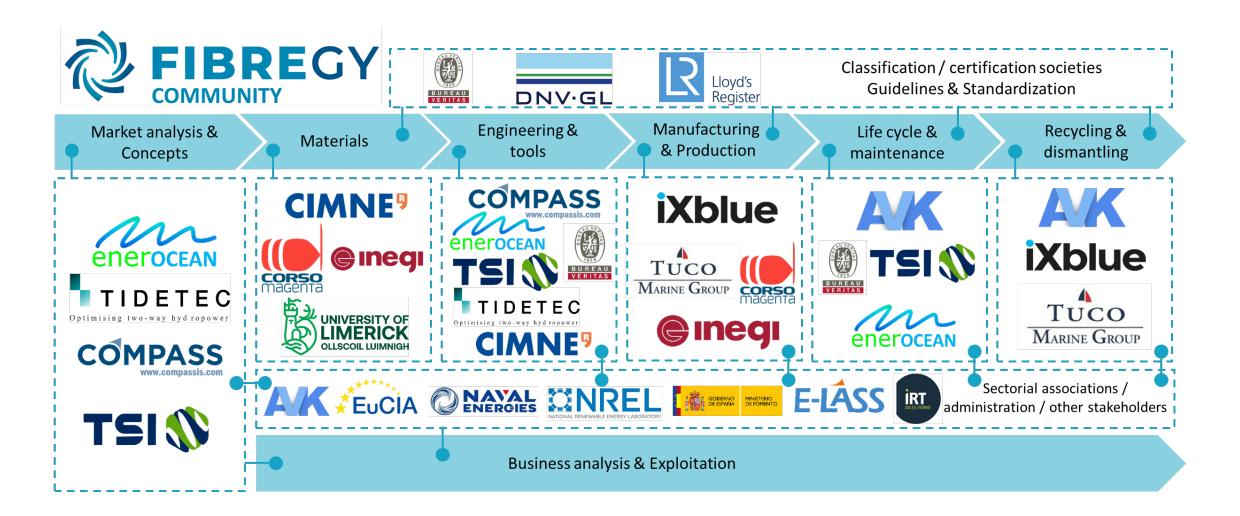
Objective 7 (WP1 and WP5): To develop a realistic exploitation strategy grounded on the reliability and market value of the solutions to be developed, and their clear positive impact on the LCoE. It will analyse the value proposition, business objectives, outputs and expected incomes from the point of view of the different participating partner profiles. A credible strategy to achieve future full-scale manufacturing of large FRP OWTP platforms in Europe will be developed, defining the specific commitments of the industrial partners beyond the end of the project.





CONTRIBUTIONS ALONG THE VALUE CHAIN







ENGINEERING METHODOLOGY





Design and technical assessment General design and

General design and overall assessment

Architecture and other calculations

Structural design, strength assessment, structure optimization

Connections design and fatigue assessment

Vibration analysis and additional assessment

Manufacturing, operational and functional assessment

Manufacturability, modular construction and assembly

Installation, commissioning and operational assessment

Life cycle management

- Maintenance / repair
- Dismantling
- Recycling / waste management

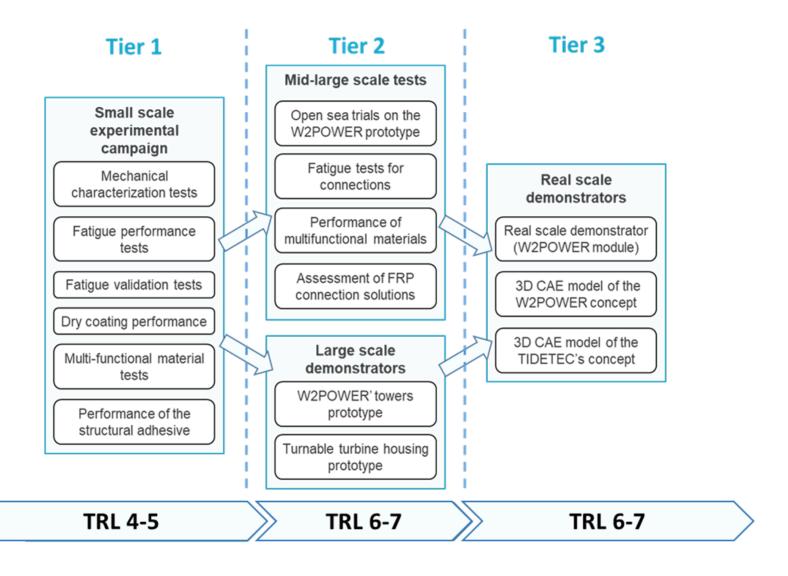




Reference regulations & Design and production guidelines

FIBREGY's three-tier validation and demonstration plan







VALIDACION AND DEMONSTRATION ON W2POWER



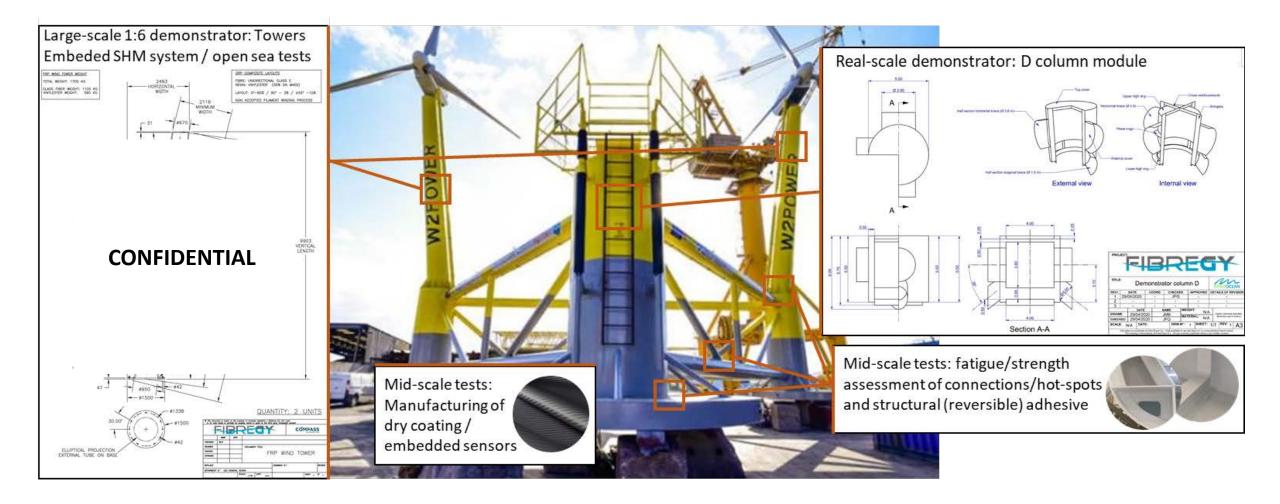






VALIDACION AND DEMONSTRATION ON W2POWER







VALIDACION AND DEMONSTRATION ON TIDETEC'S TURBINE



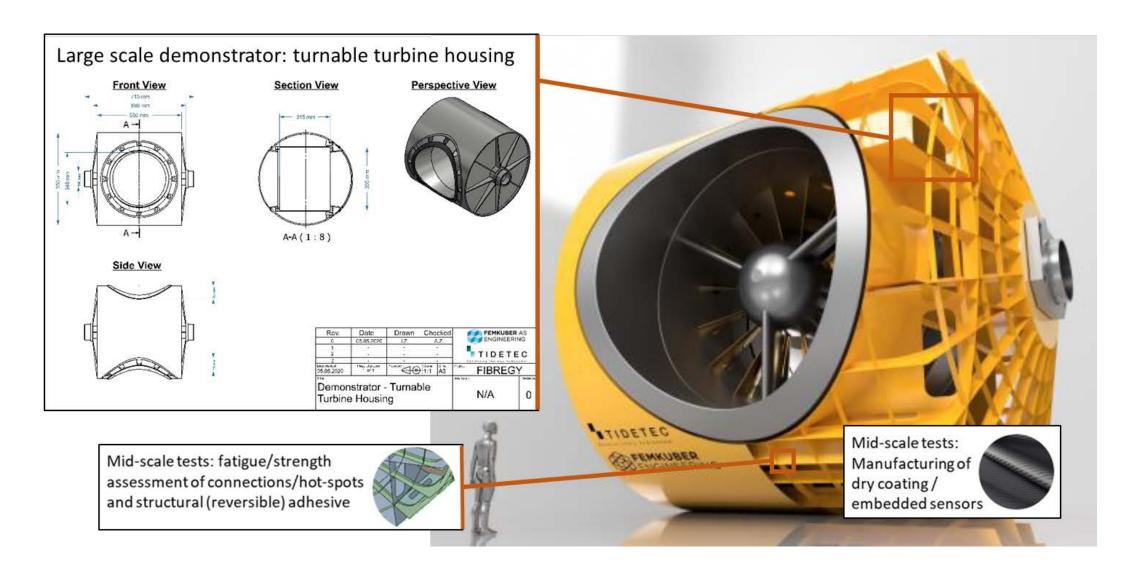






VALIDACION AND DEMONSTRATION ON TIDETEC'S TURBINE



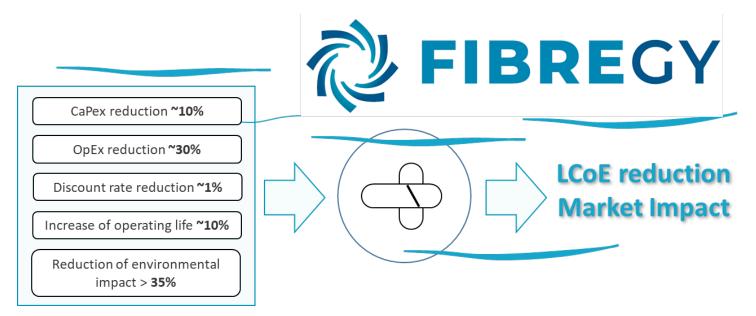




EXPECTED MAIN IMPACT: REDUCTION OF THE LCOE







CaPex

- Reduction of engineering, development and testing time.
- Reduction of the weight of the structure and components.
- Optimized design and manufacturing processes (modular building strategy).
- Readiness of the concepts for serial and automated production

OpEx

- Increase of reliability.
- Increase of fatigue life.
- Immunity to corrosion.
- Improved fouling release.
- Advanced predictive maintenance.

Discount rate

- Lower risks.
- Accelerate certification.

Design life and operating life

- Increase of fatigue life.
- Immunity to corrosion
- Advanced predictive maintenance.

Capacity Factor

- Improved stability.
- Improved seakeeping.
- Reduced overhauling time.



COMMUNICATION & DISSEMINATION





- Effective external communication of FIBREGY project is a priority, and a communication and dissemination plan for the project will be designed and executed in WP8.
- Communication and dissemination tools will include: website, leaflets, videos, newsletters, social networks profiles, open access repositories (https://www.scipedia.com/institution/fibregy), etc.
- A total of five main open events have been planned during the project execution:
 - Two Information days open to the public (+ specific workshops addressed to the Advisory Board's members): 1 within the first 12 months and 1 within the first 18 months.:
 - Two open-door Industrial days:: One in Madrid or Las Palmas (Spain) within the last 12 months of the project to present the W2POWER's open sea trials and one within the last 6 months of the project to show the demonstrator in La Ciotat (France).
 - A specific session to present the outcome of the project will be organized at the International Conference of Computational Methods in Marine Engineering (MARINE).



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