ABSTRACT

In this work the current developments on the numerical simulation of different AM processes are presented. A fully coupled thermo-mechanical framework has been tailored to the analysis of several 3D-printing processes ranging from metal wire feeding to selective melting. The accurate definition of the material deposition is addressed, taking into account actual movement of the heat source along the scanning path as defined for the AM machine. The result is a high-fidelity simulation of the AM process leading to an accurate layer-by-layer building sequence. An advanced high-performance and object-oriented software platform has been enhanced to include the parallel (MPI) FE activation technique used to follow the growth of the geometry according to the fabrication process. The mesh adaptivity strategy makes use of Cartesian voxelization together with octree-type local refinements and global coarsening to keep controlled the total number of elements in the computational domain\textsuperscript{[1,2]}. The thermo-viscoelastic-viscoplastic constitutive model introduced is calibrated and the numerical results are validated through an extensive experimental campaign carried out taking advantage of the partnership with several research centers such as: ACCESS (Germany), the Northwestern Polytechnical University (Xi’an, China), the Monash and RMIT Universities (Melbourne, Australia), IK4-Lortek, Leitat, Eurecat (Spain), among others\textsuperscript{[3,4]}.

REFERENCES


