DISTORTIONAL HARDENING MATERIAL MODEL FOR UNIDIRECTIONALLY REINFORCED CF RTP CONSIDERED FROM THE RESULTS OF NUMERICAL MATERIAL TESTING

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Macroscopic stress strain-curves of thermoplastic epoxy resin reinforced by unidirectional carbon fiber (CF RTP) was investigated via numerical material testing (NMT) based on homogenization theory. The results suggested that CF RTP has unique hardening properties, which cannot be described with the existing conventional anisotropic elastoplastic constitutive law. To represent them, we employ bimodal plasticity theory proposed by Dvorak et al. [1] for the initial yield function and combine it with distortional hardening law [2]. Figure 1 shows the initial yield surface and the subsequent yield surface after hardening by uniaxial tensile loading in the transverse direction, both of which have been obtained from NMT. Fitting results by the proposed constitutive law and Hill plasticity with isotropic hardening are also shown in the same figure. It was confirmed that proposed constitutive law is capable of reproducing the peculiar hardening behaviour of CF RTP more accurately than the conventional model.

Figure 1. FE model and yield surface for initial and hardening state after uniaxial loading.

References

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